(LIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2741.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1799.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 10.

THE grand vizier sets out from hence on the 20th instant. The Selim of 120 guns, carries him to the coast of Asia, with a squadron of 21 ships of the line and two frigates. The rendezvous of the troops whom the grand vizier will farther take with him, is to be at Scotari. General Kochler, major Franklin, and other English officers, will accompany him.

The Porte has some time back invited all brave Musselmen to rise in a mass against the French.

RATISBON, May 22.

It is now three months since private letters from Russia announced that the Swedish fleet of flat bottomed vessels would join the Russian galley fleet, which was to sail upon a certain expedition in the course of June. Sweden has also recalled her ambassador from Paris, and the declaration since made by the king of Sweden to the diet shews, that these measures were preconcerted long ago.

The 45,000 Russians, who march into Austria, will be employed against the French conquests on the Lower Rhine, &c. it being the interest of England, that pays those troops, to have the enemy attacked in those parts.

LONDON, June 11.

It is a circumstance not less curious than true, that such is the disposition of the Spaniards towards their republican allies, that when lord St. Vincent thought it necessary to send a dispatch to Lisbon, announcing the arrival of the French fleet off Cadiz, it was forwarded by the Spaniards with more speed than they are in general accustomed to employ in the conveyance of dispatches.

Since our last two of our Hamburg mails have arrived—that which came to hand yesterday put it beyond dispute, that the accounts on Sunday of a bloody battle fought near Alessandria on the 13th of May, was premature; but subsequent intelligence makes amends for the disappointment.

In Switzerland, just as we suspected, the progress of the Austrians has been completely such, as the French directory, who must have garbled Massena's dispatches, would wish should not be known. It appears there was a severe battle on the 28th, the consequence of which was, that the whole French army fell back, and left Zurich entirely uncovered; which city, private letters say, was taken possession of by the Austrians on the 31st of May. The posts occupied by the French according to the last accounts, were simply such as might enable Massena to protect the French frontier till reinforcemnts arrive.

June 12.

Finding the Spanish Cadiz fleet will not, or at least has not, followed the Brest squadron, the French papers are daily employed in fabricating excuses for its non-arrival at Toulon. Among others, they report it has been forced into Carthagena by stress of weather, where they say it is repairing.

We believe the Spaniards are very desirous the English should keep a squadron off Cadiz, to afford them a pretext for keeping in port.

Other letters detail very obstinate engagemements near Megnano, on the 18th of May, in which the French attacked and fought with great bravery, but were overcome at last, lost 5000 men in killed and wounded, and 3000 prisoners. The Imperialists, with the Piedmontese insurgents, took the town and citadel of Turin.

The Court Gazette of Vienna, May 29, is silent respecting the above victory of the 18th of May, but it is given so circumstantially by private letters which come in a direct course through Germany, that it may be expected government will speedily receive the official statements of the fact in addition to those which relate to the French in Switzerland.

We further learn from the London Gazette of last night, which contains a short dispatch from Sir Morton Eden, of one day later date than the accounts from Vienna, by the mails, that the citadel of Milan surrendered on the 24th ult. Ferrara, Casale and Ceva, have also been taken. Thus we are enabled to account for the retreat of Moreau to Coni, who [illegible] this time, it is probable, has been driven entirely out of Piedmont; unless he should have succeeded in forming a junction with Macdonald, which, however, would be the more difficult to effect, as the allies have advanced so near to the Genoese frontier as Ceva.

The defeat of the French in Syria appears to be at length officially confirmed by letters from Constantinople of a [illegible] date.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.

By a vessel [illegible] Barbadoes after a short passage, we learn, that a fast sailing packet was arrived at that island from England in 28 days with the important intelligence of the total overthrow [illegible] of the French army in Italy; that the army of Buonaparte in Egypt had taken the plague, which made such havoc as to destroy a thousand daily of it; and that the French forces near the Rhine were flying before the victorious army of the archduke Charles.

The weather is so intensely hot that the troops are not allowed to work on the king's works until the season is further advanced and becomes cool,—a very necessary precaution at present.

The number of prizes lately taken going to and coming from St. Domingo under *pretended* neutral colours, and sent into New-Providence and Jamaica, are astonishing, among which are many *true* Americans; the others are chiefly under Danish colours.—Very few escaped condemnation.

July 20.

We are sorry to say that the avarice of many of the American merchants is such, that they overload their vessels, which makes them so crank, that they easily overset, and great numbers of valuable seamen perish by that means. Many vessels have arrived here (some in distress) with the decks absolutely under water. Some vessels have put in here in distress from the continent lately in so rotten a condition as to be condemned and their cargoes sold. A regular list of such will be given in future for the information of the insurance companies.

LOUISVILLE, July 30.

Extract of a letter from colonel Hawkins, to his excellency governor Jackson, dated Creek Nation, 17th July, 1799.

"The Cheehaw Micohas visited me and shewed me your address to him, having here the public interpreters, I had it interpreted to him, in presence of several chiefs, and it produced those sensations which it was calculated to inspire.*

"I have addressed the chiefs on the improper conduct of young M'Intosh† and demanded in your name that the negroes should be sent back, and informed them that if he (M'Intosh) had claims, the courts of Georgia were the proper places to determine on them. The affair has been received by them so as to determine me to lay it before the national council which is to convene as soon as the Busketah is over, which will be some time in August. I sent a demand down in the neighbourhood of Kinnard, for some negroes in that quarter, belonging to citizens on the sea-coast, and received assurances that they were apprehended, and should be sent down to fort James, and lately an Indian informs me, that two belonging to the late Joel Walker, one to Mrs. Baily, one to Mr. Waldhaur, are taken down by Kinnard, and that one other has been apprehended on his way to the nation, and delivered to lieutenant Thompson at fort James.

"I left this on the 16th of April, and returned on the 12th of this month—I went to Pensacola at the request of Mr. Ellicott, to arrange matters with the Indians of his agency, to insure to the commissioners and their assistants a safe passage through this country. The surveyor with the guide line arrived on the 22d of June. The line strikes the river about 20 miles above the mouth of Flint river. There has been a feeble show of opposition from the Seminoles.

"I believe the murderer of Moreland is discovered; he is said to be a Cusseitaw man. I have demanded him, and expect to be able to report to you the issue next month."

* This address was the talk given to the Chehaw king by the governor in this town when he paid him for his stolen horse—and which we are informed has had the happiest effect in the nation.

† A young half breed, who under some pretence of claim to them plundered Mrs. M'Intosh, of Malo, in M'Intosh county, of all her prime hands—leaving the unfortunate widow lady with six small children, with scarcely the means of subsistence.

PHILADELPHIA, August 14.

Extract of a letter from captain John Frankford, of the ship Belvidere, to Messrs. Nicklin and Griffith, dated Port Mifflin, August 11, 1799.

"I left Corrunna the 1st of April, and on the 4th fell in with two French xebecks in the gut of Gibraltar, one of which engaged us three quarters of an hour, but bore away for the shore before the other came up. We continued our course and arrived at Gibraltar the same evening.

"On the 13th, left Gibraltar for Alicant, and at 10 o'clock the same day, off Malaga, three sail bove in sight, which gave chase to us, and proved to be a French privateer brig and two xebecks, the brig began to fire, which we instantly returned, and the engagement continued till dark, when they all bore away for the Spanish shore, and we continued our course and arrived at Alicant the 19th April.

"I sailed from Alicant on the 28th May, and on the 2d June, off Malaga, fell in with a French xebeck, and engaged her two hours in a calm. She rowed 20 sweeps, but as soon as a breeze sprung up, that we could handle the ship, she made sail and pulled for the shore.

"In all the above actions there is much credit due to the spirited exertions of both officers and men under my command.

"Leaving Gibraltar, the 1st of July, in company with the Alert, of Boston, and the America, of Philadelphia, at 4 o'clock, P. M. saw ten sail of French cruisers getting under way from Algesiras; upon which we stood back for the bay of Gibraltar and anchored: at 10 in the night, got under way in company, and run through the gut.

"You have here an account of the different fleets in the Straits. The French fleet passed Alicant, on the 10th May, of 24 sail of the line, 4 frigates and 2 brigs. Lord St. Vincent passed with his fleet, on the 15th of May, consisting of 17 sail of the line, and some smaller vessels. The Spanish fleet consisting of 24 sail of the line, put into Carthagena, on the 23d of May—seven sail dismasted. Admiral Gardner, passed Gibraltar on the 11th of June, with 17 sail of the line, one 40, and a frigate.

"I also annex an account of the American vessels in Algesiras.

"The ship General Washington, of Boston, captain John Roberts, captured by the Spanish gun-boats, and detained by the captain general of St. Roque.

"The ship Hope, of Philadelphia, captain George Hardie, captured by the French and ransomed.

"The brig Sally, of Philadelphia, captain William Bell, captured by the French and ransomed.

"The brig Ceres, of Philadelphia, captain Thomas Norris, arrived without capture.

"The ship Ardent, of Baltimore, captain Alexander Smith, captured by the French; the captain was killed by some powder taking fire on his deck; the ship ransomed.

"The ship Mary Anne, of New-York, captain Adams, captured by the French and had one man killed and 7 wounded; the ship is ransomed and sailed for Barcelona.

"Left at Gibraltar, the ship Assiduous, of Philadelphia, captain Bray, waiting for convoy.

"On the 4th of June, spoke the United States's brig Sophia, captain Geddes, bound to Lisbon, with a British convoy.

"On the 26th of July, in lat. 36. 29. N. long. 59. 30. W. spoke the United States's brig Scammel, captain Mark Furnel, 8 days out from the Delaware, bound to Surinam.

"On the 2d August, in lat 35. 42. N. long. 62 W. spoke the United States's frigate Constitution, captain Talbot, 7 days out from Boston, bound to Norfolk, all well.

"I have this moment arrived, and put under quarantine."

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated 19th June, 1799, to a respectable mercantile house in this city.

"I have not a doubt, from the authority I received the intelligence, that the king of Spain has been obliged to sign a permission for the French to march through his territory to invade Portugal: but the difficulty that would attend such an enterprise, the unanimity among the Portuguese (convinced of the false liberty held out by the directory and their generals, under that name, to rob, plunder, assassinate, and impoverish every country they enter) made me feel very easy about them. From the natural advantages of this country, a very few well disciplined troops, of not more than 50,000 men, will defend it for ever against an army of three times that number; and the Portuguese have at least an army of that number at present, besides not less than 200,000 men, who have enrolled themselves in the different provinces, and are exercising every week—and more at least 100,000 that can be impressed into the service at a short warning. How is an army to subsist in this country? All the frontiers of both Spain and Portugal are so barren and totally uncultivated, that the inhabitants cannot raise more than from five to six months provisions for themselves, and are obliged to come to the sea-ports for supplies.—In the summer months, most of the springs dry up, and in different districts they are obliged to go two, three and four miles to get water for themselves and cattle. The antipathy the Spaniards must bear them, would naturally throw every obstacle in their way; and, above all, the great confidence I have in the wise policy of the government to prevent it.

"The scale is now turned, thank God: all the French have taken in Italy for eight years has been retaken from them; they are by this time entirely exterminated from that country.

"The combined forces of Austria and Russia, (added to the Italians, tired of French liberty) carry every thing before them, and I sincerely hope their successes may continue.

"The Swiss are in revolution against France; they have risen as one man, and massacre every Frenchman they meet. The Court of France has ever been adverse to the [illegible] and villainies of the directo-

sy. At Lyons they begin to open their mouths, and as ſoon as poſſible the Auſtrians and Ruſſians will viſit that country, and every thing depends on the conduct of thoſe armies to bring about a revolution in that part of France. Genoa is taken by the Auſtrians. The French, however, before they quitted it, gave the Genoeſe the hill embrace, by levying a contribution on them of about 30,000 ſterling, and went off immediately. It is alſo ſaid, the ſtrong and famous fortification of Mantua, the key of Italy, is taken. The whole Ciſalpine republic is captured—the directors, the dupes of the French directory, have flown away. There ſtill remains in the Neapolitan territory a ſmall army under the command of M'Donald—He will be lucky if he has time to ſurrender to the Auſtrians. A diviſion of his army in the Roman territory have been aſſaſſinated by the Romans. Expreſſes have been ſent to him to retire—they have been all intercepted, either by the Ruſſians or Auſtrians. It is now too late; he has no retreat on any quarter. If the Ruſſians are ſent againſt him he will be cut up to a man. The Ruſſians neither give nor receive quarters where they meet with oppoſition, and they ſhoot or hang, immediately, every Italian they find in arms againſt their country.

"General Suwarrow has publiſhed a manifeſto, whereby he invites every Italian to join him, declaring he has not come to conquer, but to reſtore the country to its former kings and rulers, and ſwears vengeance againſt all the citizens and ſubjects in the different ſtates who ſhould oppoſe him. He has ſtrictly obſerved his declaration, and is received with open arms every where.

"On the Rhine, the archduke Charles has alſo been very ſucceſsful. We are in the dark as to what the king of Pruſſia means to do. He has collected an army of 25,000 men, independent of his ſtanding army, which he has reviewed.

"The French fleet has arrived at Toulon. The ſkill in the Britiſh commander off Cadiz prevented the intended junction with the Spaniſh fleet. The French had it in their power to give battle being to windward, and blowing a ſtorm to the weſtward. It was with great difficulty the Britiſh fleet were kept from driving on ſhore. The French fleet proceeded into the Mediterranean—the Britiſh followed them a few days after—and a few days after that, the Spaniſh fleet. The Spaniſh fleet has arrived at Carthagena in a miſerable ſtate—ſeveral of them diſmaſted, others very leaky—it will be ſeveral months before they can be prepared for ſea. The Britiſh force, in the Mediterranean only, is augmented to 51 ſail of the line, beſides Ruſſians and Turks. Both the Spaniards and French are completely blocked up—the project overſet, which was ſuppoſed to be either to relieve or bring away Buonaparte; and I ſhould not be ſurpriſed, in the courſe of three months, to hear that Toulon, together with all their fleet and arſenals, fell into the hands of the combined forces.

"The French privateers continue their depredations againſt our flag—ſeveral Americans have lately been carried into the different ports of Spain—The French conſuls immediately condemn them without reſpect or reſerve."

Auguſt 15.

The preſident of the United States in the receſs of the ſenate, has appointed Mr. Davie, late governor of South-Carolina, envoy to the French republic, in the room of Mr. Henry, deceaſed.

We likewiſe learn that in conſequence of ſome recent advices from France, the executive of the United States has ordered the frigate John Adams to be prepared to carry our envoys without delay to Europe.

A fraud has been committed on the bank of North-America, by one of the clerks of that inſtitution, who is lodged in goal, to the amount, report ſays, of 15,000 dollars.—The bank is, however, ſecured in nearly the whole amount.

Captain Reily, of the brig Newton, from St. Croix, was informed by gentlemen from Tortola, that lord St. Vincent had completed the deſtruction of the Spaniſh fleet, 11 of which were diſmaſted—The accounts were received by three different opportunities. The French fleet had returned into Breſt.

Auguſt 16.

Extract of a letter, dated St Kitts, July 24, 1799 —
[The original is in the hands of a reſpectable merchant of this city.]

"A report was in circulation here yeſterday, that the French had taken poſſeſſion of St. Bartholomews; but it is this day contradicted. It is not, however, unlikely that ſuch an event will take place, in *conſequence of the king of Sweden having joined the confederacy in Europe.* We muſt therefore beg you will not make any ſhipments for us to that iſland, leſt it fall into the hands of the enemy.

Annapolis, Auguſt 22.

Extract of a letter from commodore Truxton, to a reſpectable merchant in New-York.

"*United States ſhip Conſtellation,*
15th Auguſt, 1799.

"I ſend up by expreſs Mr. Carr, my clerk, and muſt requeſt you will give your aid in purchaſing for my private account all the articles per liſt annexed, and that they be ſent on board the Conſtellation in the ſhorteſt time poſſible.

"You no doubt know that I have reſigned my commiſſion in the navy, and the cauſe of my having done ſo. The ſecretary has, however, returned it to me, with a requeſt that I will proceed after the French 44 gun frigate ſeen by the Norfolk, in the event of captain Barron's not arriving before the ſhip is ready for ſea; and this I have conſented to do—for no perſonal injury which I feel will ever make me leſs zealous in puniſhing the inſults and wrongs done to my country, whenever an opportunity of this ſort preſents itſelf. I had landed all my baggage, &c. and not expecting to go out in the ſhip, provided no new ſtores—The few I have ordered will be ſufficient for the ſhort cruiſe contemplated; indeed I may meet Barron between this and Sandy Hook, if he ſhould not arrive before—at all events I quit the ſhip on my return (for it is impoſſible that I can ſerve under the preſent arrangement of rank)—but what a glorious event it would it be, if in the mean-time I ſhould meet another of the Monſieur frigates, and how gratifying at this moment would it be to my mind.

"Yours ſincerely, &c.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Thurſday the 26th of September next, on the premiſes, for READY MONEY,

THE life eſtate of MATTHEW BEARD in a tract or parcel of land, known by the name of BEARD'S HABITATION; the above is taken in execution as the property of Matthew Beard, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due William Harriſon, for the uſe of Harris and Vennings, by Matthew and John Beard.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 21, 1799.

By virtue of ſeveral writs of *fieri facias*, to me directed from Anne-Arundel county court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 14th day of September next,

TWO tracts or parcels of land, known by the name of BEARD'S POINT LANDS, IIAMS'S PURCHASE, and BURGESS'S CHOICE, containing two hundred and eighty-ſeven acres, more or leſs; the above lands are taken in execution as the property of John Beard, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due to Eleanor Hall, executrix of John Hall, and two debts due William Goldthwaite.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 21, 1799.

For Rent or Sale.

THE ſubſcriber would rent or ſell either 700 or 1200 acres of land, part of Marlborough Neck, on Patowmack river, and in the ſtate of Virginia, comprising either one or two plantations or farms:—Theſe lands lie extending about one mile and an half on the river Patowmack, and about one mile from the mouth of Acquia Creek, on the ſouthern ſide; at that part of the Northern Neck where the Rappahannock and Patowmack approach, within nine miles, and they are not more than that diſtance from the Rappahannock markets of Fredericksburg and Falmouth; but their ſituation is rendered more peculiarly valuable by their convenience to the Patowmack markets of Alexandria, and the Federal city. The improvements conſiſt of overſeer's houſes, negro quarters and crop-houſes. The lands are well encloſed, and in excellent order for cropping. The fertility of the ſoil is equal to any in the United States, beſides which the fields all lay convenient to banks (apparently inexhauſtible), of the richeſt ſhell-marle, which by repeated experiments already made there, is found to be ſuperior to any other manure whatever. Theſe plantations beſides furniſhing graſs in abundance for large ſtocks, would now yield annually for ſale, on a moderate computation, 500 tons of exceedingly good natural graſs hay, with no other trouble than cutting and curing. The graſs lands naturally divide with each plantation, and each is furniſhed with good fiſhing ſhores, and high, dry, healthy ſituations for reſidence.

If rented to reſponſible perſons (and no other need apply) who will cultivate under certain conditions of manuring, croſs cropping, and improving, leaſes will be given. If ſold the purchaſers may be accommodated with about 30 or 40 Virginia born ſlaves, in families, who are reſident on the lands, where they have been moſtly raiſed, and to which they are attached—The whole eſtate is held under indiſputable title, derived from the original patentee.

JOHN FRANCIS MERCER.

Weſt-river, near Annapolis, Auguſt 5, 1799.

Boarding Houſe,

At the ſign of the Scales, Church-ſtreet,

WHERE gentlemen can be elegantly accommodated, &c. by the day, week, month, or year, as I have a good ſupply of every thing in that way, and hope to merit the favour of the public.

WILLIAM CATON.

The ſubſcriber has horſes, ſervants, and chair, to hire by the day, for the accommodation of gentlemen travellers, at the following prices, horſe 11/3, chair, horſe and boy, 35/. per day.

LOST, by the ſubſcriber, on Friday the 14th of Auguſt, 1799, at the market houſe, a large ſilver WATCH, with a ſilver face, makers name THOS. NEWMAN, London. Whoever finds the ſaid watch, and returns it to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive a REWARD of SIX DOLLARS.

JOSEPH SIMMONS.

N. B. She has no number.

Annapolis, Auguſt 20, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of BRICE HOWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them, legally authenticated, for payment, and all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, to

ANN HOWARD, Adminiſtratrix.

THE creditors of JOSHUA SENEY, late of Queen-Anne's county, deceaſed, are requeſted to appear at the houſe of JOHN CAIN, at Church Hill, in the ſaid county, on the 2d day of December next, with their claims againſt the deceaſed, legally proved and authenticated, at which time and place the ſubſcriber intends to make a dividend of the perſonal aſſets in his hands among all the creditors, according to law.

MARK BENTON, Adminiſtrator
of JOSHUA SENEY.

Queen-Anne's county, Auguſt 17, 1799.

DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the City of Annapolis rendezvous, one JOHN JONES, born in Anne-Arundel county, aged 22 years and 8 months, 5 feet 7½ inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, light hair, a joiner by trade, enliſted in the ſervice of the United States on the 5th day of Auguſt, 1799. (He is well acquainted on the north ſide of Severn, and about the Head of South river.) Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid deſerter in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain
in the 9th reg. U. S. inft.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away, on the 22d day of June laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Upper Marlborough, in Prince George's county, a negro man by the name of SCOGGON, but it is probable he has changed his name, ſome times he calls his name NOBLE; he was hired to RICHARD SPRIGG, at a place of his called Sparrow's Point, near Baltimore, laſt ſummer, and he ran away from thence and ſtaid in Baltimore all laſt ſummer, and ſince I have had him he has ſaid that he has a wife in Baltimore, and very likely he has gone that way again; he is about 21 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, ſtout and well made, his complexion is very black, has a full flat face, and a ſcar over one of his eyes, he keeps his hair combed up before, and when ſpoken to has a fooliſh way of laughing, and when laughing ſhews his upper teeth, and his gums on them are uncommonly black; he had on and took with him, one brown broad cloth coat, one ditto of common blue cloth, much mended on the ſleeves, one waiſtcoat of white dimity, one ditto of black ſtuff, with two rows of buttons on it, one pair of pantaloons made of gray Bath coating, one pair of long boots, one high crown hat, much worn, one cotton ſhirt, and one pair of linen trouſers. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

JOHN OSBOURN.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody the 10th inſtant, a negro lad called TOBY, who ſays he belongs to CASTER MINEY MEARS, of Baltimore, he appears to be about 18 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, very black; had on a blue broad cloth coat, black caſimer waiſtcoat, ſtriped nankeen pantaloons, and an old white linen ſhirt, has a ſmall ſcar over his left eye, which he ſays was occaſioned by the kick of a horſe when ſmall. His owner is deſired to take him away, or he will be ſold as the law directs for priſon fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of
Prince-George's county.

Auguſt 13, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt-Office, Annapolis, which will be ſent to the General Poſt-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the firſt day of October next.

WILLIAM ATWELL, care of Benjamin Atwell, Annapolis

Miſs Brice, James Bryce, Dominick T. Blake, William Bayly, Annapolis.

Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Jer. T. Chaſe, John Callahan, Robert Courtenay, Henry Croſs, Annapolis; Joſeph Cowman, Weſt river; George Collins, Anne-Arundel county.

Gabriel Duvall, John Davidſon, Jeſſe Dewes, William Dallam, Annapolis; Bentt. Darnall (2), Richd. Darnall, Pig Point.

Monſ. Generes, Frederick & Samuel Green, Annapolis; Jacob Green (2), Pig Point.

Alexander Contee Hanſon (2), John Henry, Aquila Hall, Andrew Hamilton, John Hurſt (2), William Hilliary, Abraham Haff, ſen. Nicholas Harwood (2), William Harwood, care of Thos. Harwood, Sarah Hollowhawk, Annapolis; Edward Hall, Weſt river; Dr. Walter Harriſon, Martha Hall, Francis Holland, Anne-Arundel county.

James Iredell (2), R. D. Jennings, Horner Jennings, Annapolis.

Willm. M'Meehen, Hugh M'Guire (2), Patrick Merdock, Patrick Macerogen, care of Mr. M'Guire, Thomas D. Meriott, Annapolis; Thomas M'Clung, near Annapolis; Hannah Mitchell, Sandy point.

William Prentiſs, John Pomery, Annapolis; Samuel Pool, Anne-Arundel county.

Henrietta Rogers, Thomas B. Randall (2), Jas. Bill Ricketts, Annapolis.

Right Worſhipful Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, Robert Smith, Nicholas Sluby, Annapolis; rev. Charles Steward, near Annapolis; Samuel I. Smith, Samuel Smith, Pig Point.

Thos. Tucker, Annapolis.

Henry Van Dyke (2), Annapolis.

William Watſon (2), care of [illegible] Ricketts, Annapolis.

[illegible]REEN, D. P. M.

None of the above [illegible] will be delivered without the money.

July [illegible]

JUST RECEIVED,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine Store Baltimore, and for sale by

GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

RECENT CURES.

(From the Baltimore papers.)

An infant (aged 5 weeks) of Mr. Henry Ewbank's, tailor, Charles-street, was dangerously afflicted with convulsion fits, so that his life was despaired of, but was perfectly cured by one dose of Hamilton's worm lozenges, which expelled several worms, the undoubted cause of the child's disorder.

A sister of the above gentleman, aged 22 years, living at New-Castle, Delaware, after exhibiting for upwards of 15 months, every symptom of an increasingly dangerous consumption, experienced a rapid recovery, by the use of this medicine.

A letter to the proprietor of Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges.

July 10, 1799.

SIR,

I had been a long time afflicted with a violent and gnawing pain in my stomach, a dull, heavy continual head-ache, with a frequent swimming in my head, accompanied with dimness of sight, and some times partial blindness, and was rendered incapable of attending my business, through loss of strength; some times could scarcely eat a morsel for two or three days; when my appetite would suddenly become astonishingly voracious. I firmly believed myself to be in a consumption, which must soon put a period to my life: when happily hearing of several cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, in complaints which could not be accounted for, I took two doses, which expelled an incredible number of small sharp pointed worms: in short, I now enjoy as perfect health and strength as ever I did in my life, and I believe my cure to be entirely effected by means of your medicine.

My brother witnessing its surprising efficacy was induced to take a dose, though in tolerable good health, which occasioned him likewise to void a great quantity of worms of the same kind, and thereby probably prevented his experiencing those dreadful disorders with which I was afflicted.

A sincere desire that others in similar circumstances may receive the same benefit, is the reason for my sending you this account.

Yours, very respectfully,

AQUILA GOLDING, *Hartford road*

two miles from Baltimore.

The numberless cures performed by this medicine, render it interesting to persons of every age and in every situation. Its efficacy is equally proved in preventing as in removing disease; it effectually cleanses and strengthens the stomach and bowels, so necessary at this season of the year, and the proprietor solemnly assures the public, that it may be administered with the greatest safety to the tenderest infant of a week old, or the most delicate pregnant lady, and he challenges any individual among the hundred in Baltimore who have purchased this medicine to specify any disagreeable or injurious effect that has followed its use.

SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using.

Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor *maketh oath*, that this ointment doth not contain a single particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its composition, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Prepared by the inventer Dr. JACOB HAHN, *late of Calcutta; a medicine unequalled by any in the world for the prevention of*

BILIOUS FEVERS,

AND OF

DYSENTERY OR BLOODY FLUX.

Extensive and long experience in the East and West-Indies and in America has proved HAHN'S FEVER PILLS to be without a rival for gently discharging viscid and acrimonious bile, preventing the immoderate secretion thereof, and removing obstinate costiveness, the general causes of fevers of the inflammatory kind.

They possess a peculiar antiseptic quality, which they powerfully communicate to the system, and enable it to resist effectually the attacks of putrid and malignant fevers of every description.

They have never failed producing the happiest effects in cases of languor and debility; sickness at the stomach, and loss of appetite; giddiness and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on entering a warmer climate than their native—They are of peculiar use to seamen, and ought to have a place in every medicine chest.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE

GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

Prepared by DR. LEROUX.

A safe and effectual remedy for venereal complaints of every description.

ESSENCE OR MUSTARD,

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)

For rheumatisms, pain, palsy, numbness, bruises, sprains, &c.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

MOSCHETTOE TINCTURE.

An immediate and effectual remedy for the sting of poisonous insects of every kind, particularly of *muschetoes, gnats, bugs, wasps, bees, &c.*

CHURCH's GENUINE COUGH DROPS.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above articles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Mr. Gideon White.*

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by addressing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

NOTICE,

THAT we forewarn all persons from purchasing a note including the following marks and numbers of six hogsheads of crop tobacco, the property of Mr. Richard Chew, mark R C. No. 491, 492, 493, 494, 496, 498, bearing date 1st August, 1799, as the above note was feloniously taken out of the inspection book at Pig Point warehouse.

CEPHAS CHILDS, } Inspectors.
GASSAWAY PINDELL, }

Pig Point, August 1, 1799.

At a meeting of the Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July, 1799.

RESOLVED, That, on the 1st day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a professor of English and grammar, who shall receive for his services at the rate of £.200 per annum, to be paid quarterly, and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c.

Test. A. C. HANSON.

N. B. The office aforesaid hath just become vacant by the resignation of a gentleman whose affairs require the immediate undertaking of a voyage by sea.

It is the duty of the said professor (to whom an assistant is allowed) to teach the English language grammatically, and to prepare students for a superior school, by teaching them the latin grammar, the vocabulary and cordery. Writing is to be taught to all his scholars at stated hours, and to those boys who are not destined for the superior school, are to be taught, at the discretion of their parents or guardians, arithmetic, and other branches of science usually taught in English schools. A complete knowledge of latin, arithmetic, &c. is considered indispensable in the professor: and it is expected that candidates, who are not known to the board, will submit to an examination, as well as produce testimony of their good morals and fair character.

The printers within the United States are requested to insert in their papers the foregoing resolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscribers will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling house of THOMAS LANE, deceased, on Friday the 31st day of August next, for CASH only,

SUNDRY negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, some of whom are excellent house servants and waiters; the said negroes will be sold to discharge the debts due from the aforesaid Thomas Lane; and all persons having claims against him are requested to exhibit them to the subscribers, legally authenticated, on or before the day of sale, in order to obtain their dividends.

BARBARA LANE, } Executors.
OSBORN S. HARWOOD, }

July 15, 1799.

Land for Sale.

On Friday the 31st day of August next, the subscriber will OFFER, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises,

A SMALL tract of very valuable LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, distant one and an half miles from Rawlings's tavern, called PART of BROWSLEY HALL, containing one hundred acres, more or less. Terms of sale, cash.

July 15, 1799. BARBARA LANE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, as guardian to WILLIAM WEEMS, a minor, means to petition the court of Anne-Arundel county, at September term, for a commission to mark and bound a tract or parcel of land called PORTLAND MANOR, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeably to an act of assembly in such case made and provided.

MARY WEEMS, Guardian and first friend to William Weems.

July 29, 1799.

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public, that he offers himself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, and should be happy in meeting their support and suffrages.

July 9, 1799. JOSEPH HARWOOD.

In CHANCERY, August 8, 1799.

Ogley and Hancock,

against

Richard Lane, of Richd. and John Lane, Hester Lane, Joseph Lane, Nathan Lane, Nicholas Lane, Richard Mackall, Samuel Lane Lewin, Samuel Lane Smith, William Smith, Robert Smith, Joseph Smith, Hester Smith, Sarah Smith, Theodore Hodgkin, and Matilda Hodgkin, his wife, heirs of Samuel Lane.

THE object of this petition is to obtain a sale of the real estate of Samuel Lane, deceased, which descended to the defendants, his heirs, for the payment of his debts; it is stated by the petitioners, that John Lane, one of the defendants, who is the eldest son, and would have been sole heir if the act to direct descents had not passed, has appeared to the said petition, and the appearance of the said John Lane being entered, it is thereupon ordered, that the petitioners cause a copy of this notice to be inserted at least three weeks successively in the Maryland Gazette during the present month, to the end that each of the heirs of the said Samuel Lane, who are defendants in the said petition, may have notice of the filing of the petition, and of its substance and object, and may appear in this court on or before the 30th day of December, 1799, in person, or by a solicitor, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass on the said petition as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on Tuesday the 23d of July last, a negro man by the name of CORNELIUS, who says that he is the property of BENJAMIN ROGERS, living in Baltimore county, about 12 miles from Baltimore city, on the turnpike road leading to York; he is about 32 or 33 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and well made; his cloathing is a striped swandown under jacket, osnabrig shirt and trowsers, and an old hat; he formerly belonged to Mrs. Eleanor Davidson, of the city of Annapolis. His master is desired to come and take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne Arundel county.

August 5, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk Ridge Landing on Monday the twenty third day of September next, at Rawlings's tavern on Saturday the twenty eighth, and all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of carriages, and issuing licences to retailers of spirits and wine.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd.
Collector of the revenue Anne-
Arundel county.

Annapolis, August 1, 1799.

To the VOTERS of ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY and the CITY of ANNAPOLIS.

GENTLEMEN,

SEVERAL applications having lately appeared in the Maryland Gazette, soliciting your votes at the next election for a sheriff for the county, I have taken the liberty to offer myself as a candidate for that office also, and should I be so fortunate to meet with your approbation, with assiduity and attention, and some knowledge of the business, I flatter myself I shall be enabled to render satisfaction in that important trust.

JOHN JACOBS.

Annapolis, August 5, 1799.

For SALE,

A BEAUTIFUL BULL, imported from Mr. Bakewell, the most famous breeder in England; this breed is supposed to be the finest flesh existing; also a few cows of a good breed for milk.

Magothy, July 29, 1799. JOHN GIBSON.

For SALE,

An old COACH.

Inquire of the Printer.

NOTICE.

THE children, or next of kin, of SAMUEL OGLE, Esq; deceased, formerly governor of Maryland, and who resided at Annapolis, may hear of something to their advantage by applying to Mr. ROBERT DONOVAN, attorney at law, Peter-street, Dublin, Ireland.

July 25, 1799.

To the VOTERS of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS and ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

IN consequence of the many solicitations of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate at the approaching election for the office of sheriff, and, as I have been upwards of five years employed in that business, consider myself fully adequate to discharge its several duties; should I have the honour to become your choice, no exertion on my part shall be wanting to give general satisfaction in the faithful execution of that important trust. I have the honour to be, with great respect, the public's most obedient and humble servant,

JASPER EDWARD TILLY.

July 25, 1799.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom.

He takes this method to inform them that he has removed from his store in Corn-hill-street to a large brick house opposite the market, next door to Mr. Jonathan Pinkney's, where he has opened, and now offers for sale, an assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching season, among which are,

Superfine and coarse broad clothes,
Drab plains & flannels,
Stuffs of various kinds,
Best white ticklenburgs & brown hempen linens,
Russia sheeting,
5-4 Irish ditto,
Yard wide Irish linens,
Irish and Dutch dowlas,
Corded dimities,
Ginghams,
Plain & striped nankeens,
Striped & white cottons,
Stamped calicoes and chintzes,
Stamped linens and bordered book muslin handkerchiefs,
Mens brown thread and cotton hose,
Womens cotton ditto,
Mens fine and coarse hats,
Brooms and scrubbing brushes,
Blacksmith's files assorted,
Spinning cotton,
Sein twine,
Osnabrig & whited brown threads,
Best shoe thread in ¼ balls,
Coloured, stitching and nuns thread,
Twills & sewing silk, and an assortment of earthen ware.

ALSO, GROCERIES,

Best souchong and hyson skin teas,
Brown & loaf sugars,
Coffee & molasses,
Best Liverpool salt,
Bacon,
Herrings by the barrel.

with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which he is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash, and on the usual credit to his punctual customers.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, a mulatto man named ISAAC, about thirty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, has a down look, and is extremely knock kneed; took with him sundry articles of cloathing, among them a blue broad cloth coat, a red striped swandown waistcoat, and nankeen breeches. TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in any gaol, so that he be had again, or the above reward for bringing him home.

EDWARD HALL.

July 21, 1799.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his fellow-citizens, that having taken out licence as auctioneer, and given security agreeably to law, he is now ready to receive goods and other articles for public sale, and that they may count upon his utmost endeavours to give them satisfaction.

He has for private sale a tract of land, containing 222 acres, about 20 miles from the city of Baltimore; this tract is well watered and timbered, on which is an excellent mill seat.

A quantity of prime shad and herrings for sale.

JAMES WHARFE.

N. B. He will also sell, or barter, a schooner well calculated for the bay trade or West-Indies, and may be fitted for sea at a small expence.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, on the 20th instant, a negro man, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, who calls himself SOLOMON, and says he is the property of GERARD B. CAUSIN, Esquire, and was hired this present year to Moses Cawood, of Prince-George's county. His owner is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law for his prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff
Charles county.

June 25, 1799.

Six Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Mount Pleasant ferry, on Sunday the 9th of June, a negro woman named CLARISSA, commonly called CLARE, about nineteen years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, lusty, round faced, and very black, understands house and plantation business; had on a white cotton petticoat, and white Welch cotton jacket, other cloaths unknown. She was purchased from the estate of ROBERT TYLER, late of Prince-George's county, near Queen-Anne, about five or six years past, and probably may be in that neighbourhood with her relations, if not there it is not unlikely that she has passed as a free woman in company, and as one of Mr. Darnall's negroes that at present have their freedom, and are in the neighbourhood of Annapolis. Whoever secures the said negro, so that the owner gets her again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable charges, paid by

ISAAC SIMMONS.

July, 1799.

THE creditors of JOHN JOHNSTON, an insolvent debtor, are desired to attend at Leonardtown, on Tuesday the twentieth day of August next, with their claims, as I intend on that day to make a dividend of the money which was produced from the sale of his property.

ZACH. FORREST, Sheriff.

St. Mary's county, July 23, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near the head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, on Thursday the 27th of June last, a negro man of the name of TOM, generally called captain Tom, being accustomed to sail in a wood flat for the subscriber to Annapolis; he is about five feet five or six inches high, stout made, has large cheek bones, and when he laughs shews his teeth, and generally has a large chew of tobacco between his under lip and teeth. Said fellow is about 25 years old, and has been accustomed to every kind of plantation work, and is an excellent sawyer at the whip-saw; he is rather slow in speech, unless intoxicated, and if spoke to sharp, has a down look; he had on his usual working cloaths when he went off, and took with him an old red cassimer jacket, and white shirt with ruffles on it, and may have other cloaths which is unknown to the subscriber, as he has several relations in the neighbourhood. I do suspect he will make for Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get off by water. I will give 15 dollars if he is apprehended in Baltimore-town and confined in gaol, and if brought home to me twenty dollars, and if out of the state thirty dollars, and all reasonable expences for bringing him home, agreeable to law.

BASIL BROWN.

N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are hereby requested and forewarned not to harbour or carry away said negro at their peril.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Anne-Arundel county, five miles from South river ferry, on Tuesday the 16th instant, a slim negro woman, of a black complexion, named BURNETTA, but commonly called NETT, she has thick lips and a sulky look if not pleased, and is an old offender, about five feet six or seven inches high, thirty-nine years of age; had on and took with her, two ticklenburg shifts, a petticoat of the same, a calico jacket and petticoat, a white cotton coat, a white linen ditto, a striped country cloth jacket and petticoat, and it is supposed she has a forged pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free woman, as a number have been set free in the neighbourhood she left. Whoever takes up and delivers the said negro woman to the subscriber, or secures her in any gaol, so that I get her again, shall be entitled to a REWARD of THREE POUNDS, paid by

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

July 18, 1799.

DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the city of Annapolis rendezvous, on Saturday night last, between the hours of 9 and 10, one PATRICK M'GROGAN, born in Ireland, in the county of Antrim, aged 21 years, five feet five inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, short black hair, a bottler by trade, enlisted in the service of the United States on the 12th of June, 1799. Whoever apprehends and secures said deserter shall receive a REWARD of EIGHT DOLLARS.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain
in the 9th reg. U. S. inf.

N. B. If M'Grogan is not favourably measured he will appear a little under measure. R. D.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

For SALE,

The following tracts of land, to wit:

TEN thousand acres, lying upon Bear Creek, formerly the property of Samuel Evans.

Three thousand four hundred acres, lying upon Indian Camp Creek, formerly the property of Jonathan Swift.

One thousand one hundred acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of Jacob Souther.

Six hundred and forty acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of John Houston.

Four hundred and ninety-five acres, lying upon Green River, formerly the property of William Whitely.

The above lands are situate in the State of Kentucky, Haden county, in the midst of a fertile and thick settled neighbourhood; they are of an excellent quality, will be sold on a credit from one to four years. Unquestionable titles will be given upon the payment of the purchase money. The tracts will not be divided.

REZIN DAVIDGE.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL the creditors of SAMUEL L. CHEW not having exhibited their claims agreeably to my first notice, I was prevented from finally adjusting the business, they are again earnestly requested to meet me at the house of Mr. Wharfe, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 26th of August, that steps may be taken for a speedy settlement of the estate.

RICHARD HARRISON, Administrator.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT PHELPS, late of Anne-Arundel county, are requested to make payment, on or before the last day of March ensuing, or legal process will commence against them, and those who have claims against said estate are requested to present them, legally authenticated, to

GEORGE PHELPS, Administrator of
ROBERT PHELPS.

New-Market, Frederick county, July 31, 1799.

For SALE,

SUNDRY LAW BOOKS.

Inquire at the printing-office.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 17791 and one of March, 1780, for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS
OF
MARYLAND,

Passed November Session, 1798.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslinet waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new mall round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the gaol of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Sept. 10, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, jun.

February 8, 1798.

Ship timber wanted.

THE subscriber being authorised to contract with one or more persons for the timber of a seventy-four gun ship, to be built at the Navy Yard, at the city of Washington, will receive proposals for any part thereof until a sufficient quantity is engaged. The timber chiefly to consist of white oak, red cedar, mulberry, and pine, for which good prices will be given.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Naval Agent.

June 10, 1799.

For Sale,

On very Moderate Terms,

A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW SCHOONER, forty-one feet long. Apply to

Samuel or Horatio Ridout.

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.